



RESILIENT HOMESTEAD AND LIVELIHOOD SUPPORT TO THE VULNERABLE COASTAL PEOPLE OF BANGLADESH (RHL)

Climate-Resilient Communities



The Resilient Homestead and Livelihood Support to the Vulnerable Coastal people of Bangladesh Projects aims to enhance the resilience of targeted people to climate change through adopting and practicing adaptive activities in the Project Area. With the support of GCF, PKSf, RRF is implementing this project in the Morelgonj Upazila of Bagerhat district has been selected based on exposure, vulnerability and feasibility of Livelihood. They will be able to identify the impacts of climate change on their lives and livelihoods and prepare plans for addressing those impacts through climate change adaptation groups (“CCAGs”). Aligning the stated specific objectives, the Project will construct climate resilient homesteads for the most vulnerable households, Climate adaptive farming technologies e.g., crab fattening along with mangrove tree plantation, Sheep/goat rearing, household-based agriculture etc. The project follows agriculture and food security sector guidelines while designing climate resilient livelihoods.

FACT & FIGURE

Sl.	Fact	Figure
1	Name of the program	Resilient Homestead and Livelihood Support to the Vulnerable Coastal people of Bangladesh (RHL)
2	Duration	March 2024 to August 2028
3	Supported By	PKSF, GCF
4	No. of project participants	3549 (Male 1598, Female 1951)
5	No. of staff	08
6	Working Location	Morrelganj Upazila (Union- Nishanbaria, Bohorbonia, Juidhara, Hoglabunia, Hoglapasha, Chingrakhali, Panchakaran) under Bagerhat District.

PROJECT OBJECTIVES AND GOALS

The project’s primary goal is to develop a climate-adaptive coastal community in Bangladesh by adopting climate-resilient housing and livelihood technologies. The project will also enhance the capacity of the communities and organizations to address climate change impact in their localities with following objectives:

NEW ARRIVAL

- A. To develop climate-resilient homesteads for vulnerable communities in the southwest coastal zone of Bangladesh;
- B. To develop climate-adaptive livelihoods for vulnerable coastal communities; and
- C. To enhance the capacity of vulnerable communities and institutions so that they are able to plan and implement adaptation interventions.

KEY ACTIVITIES

- Constructed climate-resilient homesteads for vulnerable communities.
- Climate-proofed traditional farming practices to enhance sustainability.
- Established a community-based farmed crab supply chain.
- Formed and operationalized Climate Change Adaptation Groups (CCAG).
- Built capacity among implementing entities and updated relevant institutions on project goals and activities.
- Developed and distributed knowledge products to raise awareness and share insights.
- Initiated Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA) at the field level to identify and select beneficiaries.
- Conducted door-to-door visits to finalize beneficiary selection



ACHIEVEMENTS (2023-24)

- Comprehensive inspections of all project unions.
- Engaged with community members to raise climate change awareness.
- Created a social map for better planning and intervention.

PROJECT IMPACT

The project aims to achieve significant outcomes, including:

- **Reduced Climate Vulnerability:** By implementing climate-resilient housing and sustainable livelihoods, the project helps coastal communities better withstand adverse climate impacts.
- **Enhanced Community Resilience:** Through training and capacity-building, the project empowers communities to actively respond to and adapt to climate challenges, ensuring long-term resilience.



CHALLENGES

- **Limited Livelihood Options:** Coastal communities often have restricted income-generating activities, impacting their economic resilience.
- **Low Capacity for Technology Adoption:** There is a need to build the community's understanding and capability to adopt new climate-adaptive technologies, which is essential for sustainable adaptation.